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### BEFORE THE POSTAL REGULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20268-0001

RETAIL ACCESS OPTIMIZATION INITIATIVE, 2011

Docket No. N2011-1

# UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE NOTICE OF FILING LIBRARY REFERENCES USPS-LR-N2011-1/21 AND USPS-LR-N2011-1/NP14 (September 23, 2011)

The Postal Service files the material indicated below in this proceeding as a response to interrogatory PR/USPS-20:

USPS-LR-N2011-1/21 Facilities Data Base Information Requested In PR/USPS-20

USPS-LR-N2011-1/NP14 Facilities Data Base Information Requested In PR/USPS-20

The interrogatory requests that data indicating the existence of Bulk Mail Entry
Units and carrier operations in USPS Library Reference N2011-1/NP6 be isolated for
the low earned workload RAO Initiative candidate post offices. In response to the
interrogatory, the Postal Service is filing these Library References. The Postal Service
has located responsive data by retail facility finance number and facility identification
number. The Postal Service regards these facility identifiers to be commerciallysensitive and proprietary information that should not be released into the public domain.
Accordingly, it is providing the requested FDB data in unredacted USPS Library
Reference N2011-1/NP14, as a non-public response to the interrogatory. Library
Reference N2011-1/21 consists of a public version of that same document, but with the
finance and facility identification numbers redacted. An application for non-public

treatment of USPS Library Reference N2011-1/NP14 is attached to this Notice.

Respectfully submitted,

UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE

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## APPLICATION OF THE UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE FOR NON-PUBLIC TREATMENT OF MATERIALS

(September 23, 2011)

In accordance with 39 C.F.R. § 3007.21 and Order No. 225,<sup>1</sup> the United States

Postal Service (Postal Service) applies for non-public treatment of certain materials filed under seal with the Commission. Library Reference USPS-LR-N2011-1/NP14 includes sensitive commercial information, consisting of postal facility finance numbers and identification numbers for approximately 2800 retail facilities throughout the United States.

(1) The rationale for claiming that the materials are non-public, including the specific statutory basis for the claim, and a statement justifying application of the provision(s);

The materials designated as non-public consist of information of a commercial nature that under good business practice would not be publicly disclosed. In the Postal Service's view, this information would be exempt from mandatory disclosure pursuant to 39 U.S.C. § 410(c)(2) and 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(3). Because the portions of the materials that the Postal Service applies to file under seal fall within the scope of information not required to be publicly disclosed, the Postal Service asks the Commission to support its determination that these materials qualify as exempt from public disclosure and grant its application for their non-public treatment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> PRC Order No. 225, Final Rules Establishing Appropriate Confidentiality Procedures, PRC Docket No. RM2008-1 (June 19, 2009).

(2) Identification, including name, phone number, and email address for any third-party who is known to have a proprietary interest in the materials, or if such an identification is sensitive, contact information for a Postal Service employee who shall provide notice to that third party;

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(3) A description of the materials claimed to be non-public in a manner that, without revealing the materials at issue, would allow a person to thoroughly evaluate the basis for the claim that they are non-public;

The non-public material contains commercial information of the Postal Service -facility finance numbers and identification numbers for approximately 2800 retail
facilities. The Postal Service maintains that the non-public portions of these materials
should remain confidential.

(4) Particular identification of the nature and extent of commercial harm alleged and the likelihood of such harm;

If the information that the Postal Service seeks to protect from disclosure due to its confidential nature were disclosed publicly, the Postal Service considers it quite likely that it would suffer harm. A finance number is an assigned six-digit or 10-digit number that identifies a postal installation for processing its financial data. An identification number is an assigned seven-digit number. In a way, they are akin to social security numbers, in that if one knows the finance or ID number for a facility, one could determine a wealth of financial data associated with that facility. Such information is

information of a commercial nature, which under good business practice would not be publicly disclosed. It is also information that, if released, could compromise security, which is why the Postal Service controls the internal release of finance and ID numbers. In the Postal Service's opinion, this information would be exempt from mandatory disclosure pursuant to 39 U.S.C. § 410(c)(2) and 5 U.S.C. §§ 552(b)(2,-3).<sup>2</sup>

Finance and ID numbers are also related solely to the internal rules and practices of the Postal Service, and are internal matters of a relatively limited value outside the Postal Service. On its own, the finance or ID number of a facility does not reveal anything of significance to the public, but it constitutes a key that permits coordination of various internal accounting systems. In the Postal Service's opinion, this information would be exempt from mandatory disclosure pursuant to 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(2)(a).

### (5) At least one specific hypothetical, illustrative example of each alleged harm;

Harm: If someone were to come across such a document where facilities are identified purely by finance or ID number, in and of itself that may not cause much harm.

However, if that someone was a competitor who was also provided a key that identified the facility name and address associated with each finance or ID number, that person

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In certain circumstances, the Commission may determine the appropriate level of confidentiality to be afforded to such information after weighing the nature and extent of the likely commercial injury to the Postal Service against the public interest in maintaining the financial transparency of a government establishment competing in commercial markets. 39 U.S.C.§ 504(g)(3)(A). The Commission has indicated that "likely commercial injury" should be construed broadly to encompass other types of injury, such as harms to privacy, deliberative process, or law enforcement interests. PRC Order No. 194, Second Notice of Proposed Rulemaking to Establish a Procedure for According Appropriate Confidentiality, Docket No. RM2008-1, Mar. 20, 2009, at 11.

could potentially have access to a wealth of financial data associated with respective facilities. Such information could, for example, be used to ascertain the best locations to establish competing businesses, perhaps plan theft of materials being transported by the Postal Service, or target the business of Postal Service customers.

#### (6) The extent of protection from public disclosure deemed to be necessary;

The Postal Service maintains that facility finance and ID numbers for the 2800 retail facilities should be withheld from any person who has not agreed to the Commission's standard confidentiality requirements, including any person involved in competitive decision-making for any entity that might gain competitive advantage from use of this information.

# (7) The length of time deemed necessary for the non-public materials to be protected from public disclosure with justification thereof; and

The Commission's regulations provide that non-public materials shall lose non-public status ten years after the date of filing with the Commission, unless the Commission or its authorized representative enters an order extending the duration of that status. 39 C.F.R. § 3007.30.

#### (8) Any other factors or reasons relevant to support the application.

The Postal Service considers this Application sufficient to fulfill the Postal Service's obligations to justify its determination that the facility finance and ID numbers should be treated as non-public, and redacted in the public version of this filing.

#### Conclusion

For the reasons discussed, the Postal Service requests that the Commission grant this application for non-public treatment of the identified materials.